OpenAIRE is a European community and service-driven infrastructure that enables Open Science - implementing Open Access policies to all research results. It is a Pan-European Research Information System with services for discovering, storing, linking, analyzing & monitoring all research outputs across all scientific disciplines.

SCIENCE SET FREE

Share research outputs. Shape a better future!

50 ORGANISATIONS. ALL EUROPE’S MEMBER STATES, AND BEYOND.

Learn
Share
Join
Analyse

From an active network of experts that compile, compare and align knowledge on:
- Open Access mandates and policies – how to implement, how to monitor
- Open Science practices and expertise – what workflows fit researcher needs

About hands-on pilots to explore:
- New forms of Scholarly Communication, peer review, data citation
- Alternative metrics on impact assessment
- Legal implications of sharing data

Via a wide range of technical and support services, which help researchers and other stakeholders to:
- Link collections of research outputs (publications to datasets)
- Link results to funding (Project IDs) and report to the EC
- Deposit any type of research data in our catch-all repository www.zenodo.org (joint effort with CERN)
- Link to the web through Linked Open Data (LOD) technology
- Anonymize data to prepare for sharing, and comply with the EC’s Open Data Pilot

A distributed and participatory design for a sustainable way forward:
- View our interoperability guidelines to exchange content. http://guidelines.openaire.eu
- Validate your literature and data repository, OA Journal, or Research Information systems (CRIS)
- Register your data source. Ask our technical team for help.

And visualise research analytics that allow research managers and funders to:
- View statistics related to EC output, member states, institutions and projects
- Identify research networks and inspect maps of academia
- Discover hidden relationships among various funding streams or organizations
- Identify research trends and how these span over discipline or geographical regions